

z/OS



MVS Programming: Product Registration

z/OS



MVS Programming: Product Registration

Note

Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read the general information under "Appendix. Notices" on page A-1.

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This edition applies to Version 1 Release 1 of z/OS (5694-A01) and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

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About This Book

Product registration services allow products to register with MVS when they are running on a particular system. Other products can then use registration services to determine what products are running on a particular system.

Product registration provides an additional function for optional products, or elements, of z/OS. These optional products, which can be either products, product features, or combinations of product and feature, can use registration services to determine, based on a policy the customer sets, whether they are enabled to run on a particular system.

This book describes how to use registration services.

Who Should Use This Book

This book is for programmers who design and write, in assembler or C, programs that use registration services. It requires an understanding of how to work with MVS system interfaces.

How to Use This Book

This book is one of the set of programming books for MVS. This set describes how to write programs in assembler language or high-level languages, such as C, FORTRAN, and COBOL. For more information about the content of this set of books, see *z/OS Information Roadmap*.

Note: If you call the services described in this book from assembler language programs, you must use a high-level assembler.

Where to Find More Information

Where necessary, this book references information in other books, using shortened versions of the book title. For complete titles, and order numbers of the books for all products that are part of z/OS, see *z/OS Information Roadmap*.

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4. Click on **Software**.
5. Click on **z/OS**.
6. Access the licensed book by selecting the appropriate element.

Using LookAt to look up message explanations

LookAt is an online facility that allows you to look up explanations for z/OS messages and system abends.

Using LookAt to find information is faster than a conventional search because LookAt goes directly to the explanation.

LookAt can be accessed from the Internet or from a TSO command line.

You can use LookAt on the Internet at:

<http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/zseries/zos/bkserv/lookat/lookat.html>

To use LookAt as a TSO command, LookAt must be installed on your host system. You can obtain the LookAt code for TSO from the LookAt Web site by clicking on **News and Help** or from the *z/OS Collection*, SK3T-4269.

To find a message explanation from a TSO command line, simply enter: **lookat** *message-id* as in the following example:

```
lookat iec192i
```

This results in direct access to the message explanation for message IEC192I.

To find a message explanation from the LookAt Web site, simply enter the message ID. You can select the release if needed.

Note: Some messages have information in more than one book. For example, IEC192I has routing and descriptor codes listed in *z/OS MVS Routing and Descriptor Codes*. For such messages, LookAt prompts you to choose which book to open.

Summary of Changes

**Summary of Changes
for SA22-7604-00
z/OS Version 1 Release 1**

This book contains information also presented in *OS/390 MVS Programming:
Product Registration*.

Chapter 1. Using Registration Services

Product registration provides a common mechanism for products to:

- Register (indicate that they are running) on a particular system
- Determine what products are registered (running) on a particular system

With z/OS, products, such as z/OS features, can use registration services to determine if they are enabled to run on a particular system. *z/OS MVS Product Management* describes product enablement, which requires that the product be defined appropriately in the enablement policy for the system.

The IFAPRDxx parmlib member contains the enablement policy, which the customer defines for a system.

Figure 1-1 shows how the product code, the enablement policy, and MVS registration services fit together to determine whether a product is enabled.

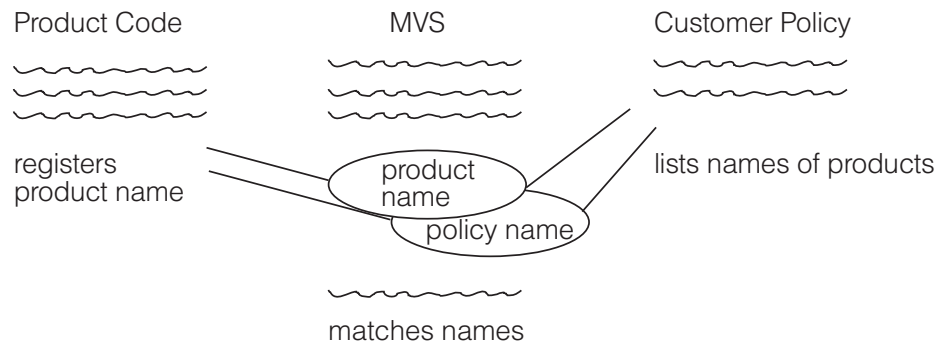


Figure 1-1. An Overview of Product Enablement

As Figure 1-1 shows, the product code issues the register request to indicate that it is running and check its enablement status. The customer policy in IFAPRDxx defines enablement status for products. When MVS processes the register request, it matches the product name definition in the request with the entries in the enablement policy to determine if the product is enabled on the system, then issues a return code to indicate enablement status. Based on the return code, the product continues to run or ends its processing.

If you are interested in how to enable a product, see:

- *z/OS MVS Product Management* for information about product enablement and reporting on registered products.
- *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference* for an explanation of how to update IFAPRDxx.
- *z/OS Planning for Installation* for a description of how to enable z/OS features.

This book, in contrast, describes how to use registration services. It is for the product programmer who needs to know:

- How to use registration services to register a product. See “Registering a Product” on page 1-2.
- How to use registration services to check product status — determine if a product is registered or enabled, or both, on a particular system. See “Checking Product Status” on page 1-3.

Registration services provide a standard mechanism for determining when a product is running or enabled on a system. Thus, the services are useful for all products with known dependencies on other IBM products or the products of independent software vendors or solution providers.

Examples of using the services appear in “Chapter 3. Examples” on page 3-1.

Registering a Product

To register a product, issue the Register service. See “Using the Register Service”. When a product calls the Register service, MVS determines, based on the register request and the enablement policy defined in IFAPRDxx, whether or not the product is enabled to run on the system.

If the Register request type and the policy entry indicate that the product can run on the system, MVS registers the product as one that is running. Other products can then use the Query_Status and List_Status services to check whether your product is running. The system and other products assume that a product that is registered is a product that is running on a particular system.

Thus, it is important that, when your product finishes processing, it issue the Deregister service to tell MVS that it is no longer running. See “Using the Deregister Service” on page 1-3.

Using the Register Service

When a product issues the Register service, the system checks the enablement policy in IFAPRDxx. If the check is successful, MVS issues a return code of 0 and adds the product to its list of registered (running) products.

For the check to be successful, you need to select the type of Register request very carefully, depending on what you want to do:

- To register your product without regard to the enablement policy, select **lfaedreg_Type_Required**. When it processes your request, the system does not check the enablement policy. Use this register request when you are registering only to allow other products:
 - To determine if your product is running.
 - To access information you provide through the **Features** parameter.
- To register your product and consider it enabled even if there is no entry in the policy, select **lfaedreg_Type_Standard**. This type of request is useful when your product can be enabled without any user change to the policy in IFAPRDxx. With the standard register request, you get return code 4 (indicating that the product is disabled) only when there is a matching statement that explicitly disables the product.
- To register your product and consider it disabled when there is no entry in the policy, select **lfaedreg_Type_NotFoundDisabled**. For the request to be successful, there must be a matching statement in the policy that explicitly enables the product. You get return code 4 when the product is explicitly disabled or when there is no matching statement.

The product definitions in the enablement policy can contain wildcard characters (? and *), and MVS allows wildcard matching so that a single policy statement can apply to multiple products.

Because of the interaction between the product definition in the register request, the type of register request, and the contents of IFAPRDxx, make sure that your

product documentation provides the information users need to update IFAPRDxx, as described in *z/OS MVS Initialization and Tuning Reference*.

The placement of the Register request in your product code is also important. Most products and separately orderable features would invoke the Register service during initialization. Products or features that have multiple entry points or that allow branch entry must consider registering at each possible point of invocation.

If other products need information about your product, you can use the **Features** parameter to pass the information. Callers of the Query_Status service can obtain this information, but you need to define its contents and format to enable the callers to interpret the information correctly.

See “Register Service (IFAEDREG)” on page 2-2 for a complete description of the service, including the various types of register request.

Using the Deregister Service

While the system can automatically deregister a product during task or address space termination, it is a good practice to issue the Deregister service when a registered product completes its processing.

Issuing the Deregister service ensures that any status queries that other products issue return correct results. The system considers a registered product to be a running product. If your product stops running but does not deregister, any query of its status will indicate that it is still running.

See “Deregister Service (IFAEDDRG)” on page 2-9 for a complete description of the service.

Checking Product Status

There are two services you can use to check product status:

- Query_Status, described in “Query_Status Service (IFAEDSTA)” on page 2-12
- List_Status, described in “List_Status Service (IFAEDLIS)” on page 2-16

Which service you need depends on the information your product requires:

- To determine if a specific product is registered and obtain its enablement status (enabled, disabled, or not known), issue the Query_Status service.
- To obtain information about the registration and enablement status of one or more products, issue the List_Status service.
- To determine what entry in the enablement policy the system would use to determine the enablement status of a particular product, issue the List_Status service.

Both services return information in data areas mapped for the assembler language programmer in mapping macro IFAEDIDF and for the C programmer in include file IFAEDC.

Before you issue either service, you need to know how any product you are interested in was defined when it was registered.

If you are using Query_Status to request the status of a specific product, you might need additional documentation from the product. When a product registers, it can provide information for the system to pass to the caller of Query_Status. If you are

interested in a product that provides this additional information, you need to understand the content and format of the information you will receive.

Chapter 2. Coding Registration Services

There are four registration services:

- Register service — registers a product or feature with MVS
- Deregister service — deregisters a product, usually done when an element completes processing.
- Query_Status service — checks the status of a specific product
- List_Status service — checks the status of one or more products

These callable services share common invocation characteristics and common processing considerations.

Invoking the Services

The following information describes the environment required, restrictions, register information, performance implications, and abend codes for the registration services.

Environment

The environment for the callers are:

Minimum authorization:	Problem state and any PSW key
Dispatchable unit mode:	Task
Cross memory mode:	PASN=HASN=SASN
AMODE:	31-bit
ASC mode:	Primary
Interrupt Status:	Enabled for I/O and external interrupts
Locks:	No locks may be held.
Control parameters:	Control parameters must be in the primary address space.

Programming Requirements

- If you are coding in assembler, include mapping macro IFAEDIDF. It provides return code equates for the various services and mappings for the output from the Query_Status service and the List_Status service. For a description of IFAEDIDF, see *z/OS MVS Data Areas, Vol 2 (DCCB-ITZYRETC)*.
- If you are coding in C, include file IFAEDC provides data definitions for the various services. For a description of IFAEDC, see “IFAEDC” on page 2-21.

Restrictions

- The caller cannot have an established FRR.
- An unauthorized caller of the Register service cannot register if there are already 10 successful registrations (counting all products) made by unauthorized callers from that address space.
- An unauthorized caller cannot deregister a product that was registered by an authorized caller.
- An unauthorized caller cannot deregister a product that was registered from another address space.

Input Register Information

Before issuing any registration service, the caller does not have to place any information into any register unless using it in register notation for a particular parameter, or using it as a base register.

Output Register Information

When control returns to the caller, the general purpose registers (GPRs) contain:

Register	Contents
0-1	Used as work registers by the system
2-13	Unchanged
14-15	Used as work registers by the system

When control returns to the caller, the ARs contain:

Register	Contents
0-1	Used as work registers by the system
2-13	Unchanged
14-15	Used as work registers by the system

Some callers depend on register contents remaining the same before and after issuing a service. If the system changes the contents of register on which the caller depends, the caller must save them before issuing the service, and restore them after the system returns control.

Performance Implications

These services should not be used in a performance-sensitive environment.

ABEND Codes

Callers of the registration services might encounter the following ABEND codes:

0C4	Meaning: The system cannot properly access a user-provided parameter.
B78	Meaning: The caller was not enabled for I/O and external interrupts.

Register Service (IFAEDREG)

Use the Register service (IFAEDREG) to register a product with MVS. You can register a product or a unique product/feature combination. When you register a product with MVS, you indicate that the registered product is running on the system.

The Register service returns information to the caller and also maintains information that other callers can query to determine if products are registered (running) and enabled on the system.

If the product is an optional z/OS element, feature, or element/feature combination, MVS can also determine whether the element is enabled on this system.

Register Service (IFAEDREG)

To determine enablement, the system matches the product identified in the call against the policy statements in parmlib member IFAPRDxx.

It is possible, because of wildcard characters (? and *) in the policy statements, that multiple policy statements might match the given input product. In that case, MVS uses the "best" match to determine whether or not the product is enabled, using the following rules:

1. An exact match is better than a wildcard match. There is no differentiation between two wildcard matches.
2. The parameters are processed in the following order: Prodowner, ProdID, Prodname, Featurename, Prodvers, Prodrel, and Prodmod. An exact match on a parameter earlier in the list (such as Prodowner) is better than a match on a parameter later in the list (such as Prodname).
3. If, after applying the first two rules, more than one match remains, MVS uses the first match of those that remain.

If product code is neither in supervisor state nor running under a system key, it cannot issue more than 10 register requests.

Syntax

```
CALL IFAEDREG,      (Type
                    ,Prodowner
                    ,Prodname
                    ,Featurename
                    ,Prodvers
                    ,Prodrel
                    ,Prodmod
                    ,ProdID
                    ,Featureslen
                    ,Features
                    ,Prodtoken
                    ,Returncode)
```

In C: the syntax is similar. You can use either of the following techniques to invoke the service:

1. `ifaedreg (Type,...Returncode);`
When you use this technique, you must link edit your program with a linkage-assist routine (also called a stub) in SYS1.CSSLIB.
2. `ifaedreg_byaddr (Type,...Returncode);`
This second technique requires AMODE=31, and, before you issue the CALL, you must verify that the IFAEDREG service is available (in the CVT, both CVTOSEXT and CVTOS390 bits are set on).

In Assembler: Link edit your program with a linkage-assist routine (also called a stub) in SYS1.CSSLIB unless you use either of the following techniques as an alternative to CALL IFAEDREG:

1.

```
LOAD EP=IFAEDREG
Save the entry point address
...
Put the saved entry point address into R15
Issue CALL (15),...
```
2.

```
L 15,X'10'           Get CVT
L 15,X'8C' (,15)     Get ECVT
```

Register Service (IFAEDREG)

```
L 15,X'1C0'(.15)
L 15,4(.15)
L 15,0(.15)          Get address of IFAEDREG
CALL (15),(...)
```

Both of these techniques require AMODE=31. If you use the second technique, before you issue the CALL, you must verify that the IFAEDDRG service is available (in the CVT, both CVTOSEXT and CVTOS390 bits are set on).

Parameters

Type

Supplied parameter:

- Type: Integer
- Length: Full word

Type identifies the type of register request. The field must contain a value that represents one or more of the possible types. You add the values to create the full word. Do not specify a type more than once. The possible types, and their meanings, are:

Ifaedreg_Type_Standard

The system is to register the product, check the enablement policy, and issue a successful return code unless the product is explicitly disabled in the policy. If the product is explicitly disabled, the system does not register the product and does issue return code 4. If you want the service to issue return code 4 (Ifaedreg_Disabled) when the product is not found in the policy, specify Ifaedreg_Type_NotFoundDisabled.

Ifaedreg_Type_Required

The system is to register the product but not check the enablement policy. Use this option when registering solely for status queries. Because the system does not check the enablement policy, you cannot get return code 4 (Ifaedreg_Disabled).

Ifaedreg_Type_NoReport

The system is to register the product but not report the product in the software registration report or the response to a DISPLAY command (unless the command specifies ALL). You might use this option when registering solely for status queries. Because the system does not check the enablement policy, you cannot get return code 4 (Ifaedreg_Disabled).

Ifaedreg_Type_LicensedUnderProd

The system is to register the product/feature combination, but the product/feature combination cannot be ordered separately. The software registration report will differentiate this type of registration from others; a person looking at the report can easily tell that there is no need to check the ordering information for this product/featurename combination.

Ifaedreg_Type_DisabledMessage

The system, if it finds the product to be disabled, is to issue message IFA104I, described in *z/OS MVS System Messages, Vol 8 (IEF-IGD)*. Thus, the caller does not have to issue the message. The system issues message IFA104I with no console ID specified, and with routing codes 10 (System/Error Maintenance) and 11 (Programmer Information).

Ifaedreg_Type_NotFoundDisabled

The system, if it does not find the product in the enablement policy, is to treat the product as disabled rather than enabled. That is, if the product is not found, the system does not register the product and does issue return code 4 (Ifaedreg_Disabled). If you also specify

Register Service (IFAEDREG)

Ifaedreg_Type_DisabledMessage, the system issues message IFA104I. For a description of this message, use LookAt or see *MVS System Messages*. For a description of LookAt, see “Using LookAt to look up message explanations” on page viii.

,Prodowner

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 16 bytes

Prodowner specifies the name of the product owner (vendor). IBM products, for example, always use IBM CORP or IBM_CORP.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabetic, numerics, national (@, #, \$), underscore (_), slash (/), hyphen (-), and period (.). You can use embedded blanks.

The system translates underscores to blanks for comparison and display, and it performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the name is less than 16 bytes, left-justify the name in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,Prodname

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 16 bytes

Prodname specifies the name of the product.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabetic, numerics, national (@, #, \$), underscore (_), slash (/), hyphen (-), and period (.). You can use embedded blanks.

The system translates underscores to blanks for comparison and display, and it performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the name is less than 16 bytes, left-justify the name in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,Featurename

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 16 bytes

Featurename specifies the name of the feature within the product or blanks if there is no feature name.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabetic, numerics, national (@, #, \$), underscore (_), slash (/), hyphen (-), and period (.). You can use embedded blanks.

The system translates underscores to blanks for comparison and display, and it performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the name is less than 16 bytes, left-justify the name in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

Register Service (IFAEDREG)

,Prodvers

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 2 bytes

Prodvers specifies the product version identification or blanks if there is no version identification.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabetic and numeric. You can use embedded blanks.

The system performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the version identification is less than 2 bytes, left-justify it in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,Prodrel

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 2 bytes

Prodrel specifies the product release identification or blanks if there is no release identification.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabetic and numeric. You can use embedded blanks.

The system performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the release identification is less than 2 bytes, left-justify it in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,Prodmod

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 2 bytes

Prodmod specifies the product modification level or blanks if there is no modification level.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabetic and numeric. You can use embedded blanks.

The system performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the modification level is less than 2 bytes, left-justify it in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,ProdID

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 8 bytes

ProdID specifies the product identifier. IBM products, for example, use the product information department (PID) number

Register Service (IFAEDREG)

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabetic, numerics, national (@, #, \$), underscore (_), slash (/), hyphen (-), and period (.). You can use embedded blanks.

The system translates underscores to blanks for comparison and display, and it performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the name is less than 8 bytes, left-justify the name in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,Featureslen

Supplied parameter:

- Type: Integer
- Range: 0-1024
- Length: Full word

Featureslen specifies the length of the features parameter that follows.

,Features

Supplied parameter:

- Type: Character (EBCDIC recommended)
- Length: 1-1024 bytes

Features contains any information that you want the system to pass to the caller of the Query_Status service. (Featureslen specifies the length of the information.)

If you do not need to pass information to callers of the Query_Status service, code 0 in the Featureslen parameter. The system then ignores the contents of the Features parameter, but the service syntax requires that you supply a value.

If you do need to pass information to the callers of Query_Status, using EBCDIC can simplify the parsing requirements for the caller, but you do need to provide a mapping of the information for the caller to use. An alternate approach is to set up self-defining features information (such as feature1=value1, feature2=value2, . . .). This approach has the advantage of simplicity, but does use more system (common) storage.

If the product you are registering is already registered, the features information you specify here will replace the features information provided on any previous call, but only for the length provided on the previous call. For example, if the previous call specified a Featureslen of 16, and this call specifies 32, the system uses only the first 16 bytes of features information from this call.

,Prodtoken

Returned parameter:

- Type: Character
- Length: 8 bytes

Prodtoken contains the token the system returns to identify this particular registration. Save this token to supply as input to the Deregister service.

,Returncode

Returned parameter:

- Type: Integer
- Length: Full word

Returncode contains the return code from the Register service.

Register Service (IFAEDREG)

Return Codes

When the Register service returns control to the caller, Returncode contains the return code. To obtain the equates for the return codes:

- If you are coding in assembler, include mapping macro IFAEDIDF, described in *z/OS MVS Data Areas, Vol 2 (DCCB-ITZYRETC)*.
- If you are coding in C, use include file IFAEDC. See “IFAEDC” on page 2-21.

The following table describes the return codes, shown in decimal.

Return Code (decimal)	Equate Symbol Meaning and Action
00	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDREG_SUCCESS</p> <p>Meaning: The product/feature combination is enabled and is permitted to execute. Note that, unless you request option <code>lfaedreg_Type_NotFoundDisabled</code>, you will get this return code when the system does not find a policy statement that matches the product.</p> <p>Action: Proceed with normal execution.</p>
04	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDREG_DISABLED</p> <p>Meaning: The product/feature combination is not enabled; it is explicitly disabled and is not permitted to execute. To get this return code when the system does not find a policy statement that matches the product, you must also request option <code>lfaedreg_Type_NotFoundDisabled</code>.</p> <p>Action:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Write the appropriate termination message to the terminal or log, unless the operator message issued because you requested <code>lfaedreg_Type_DisabledMessage</code> provides enough information.2. Set a return code to indicate termination for ‘not ordered or not permitted to run’ condition.3. Terminate requestor’s use of program.
08	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDREG_NOTAVAILABLE</p> <p>Meaning: Environmental error: The Register service is not available on this system.</p> <p>Action:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• If this version of the program must execute on a system that provides registration services:<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Write the appropriate termination message to the terminal or log.2. Set a return code to indicate termination because registration services are not available on this system.3. Terminate requestor’s use of program.• If this version of the program does not need to execute on a system that provides registration services, take the actions appropriate for the product/feature when you cannot determine if it is enabled.
12	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDREG_LIMITEXCEEDED</p> <p>Meaning: Environmental error: This request exceeds the limit of 10 register requests by an unauthorized caller in this address space.</p> <p>Action: Use the Deregister service to remove unneeded registrations.</p>
16	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDREG_NOTTASKMODE</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was not called in task mode.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>

Register Service (IFAEDREG)

Return Code (decimal)	Equate Symbol Meaning and Action
20	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDREG_XM</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was called in cross-memory mode but requires PASN=HASN=SASN.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>
24	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDREG_BADFEATURESLEN</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The Featureslen parameter was not in the range 0-1024.</p> <p>Action: Correct the parameter.</p>
28	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDREG_NOSTORAGE</p> <p>Meaning: Environmental error: The system could not obtain the storage it needed to satisfy the request.</p> <p>Action: Contact the system programmer.</p>
32	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDREG_BADTYPE</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The type parameter did not specify a word formed from any combination of Ifaedreg_Type_Standard, Ifaedreg_Type_Required, Ifaedreg_Type_NoReport, Ifaedreg_Type_LicensedUnderProd, Ifaedreg_Type_DisabledMessage, and Ifaedreg_Type_NotFoundDisabled.</p> <p>Action: Correct the parameter.</p>
36	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDREG_LOCKED</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was called while holding a system lock.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>
40	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDREG_FRR</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was called while having a functional recovery routine (FRR) established.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>

Deregister Service (IFAEDDRG)

Use the Deregister service (IFAEDDRG) to indicate that a registered product or product/feature combination is ending its processing. When a product registers with MVS, it indicates that it is running on the system. When it ends, the product issues the Deregister service to indicate that it has finished processing.

A product that issues the Register service receives a token that identifies the unique instance of the product. To deregister, the product calls the Deregister service and supplies the token. Note that the system automatically deregisters the product on termination of:

- The cross-memory resource owning task (TCB address in ASCBXTCB) that was active when the register request was done
- The address space that was the home address space when the register request was done.

If the product code is neither in supervisor state nor running under a system key, there are limitations on the use of Deregister:

1. You cannot deregister a product that was registered by a caller in supervisor state or running under a system key.

Deregister Service (IFAEDDRG)

2. You can deregister only a product that was registered from your home address space.

Syntax

CALL IFAEDDRG,	(Prodtoken ,Returncode)
----------------	----------------------------

In C: the syntax is similar. You can use either of the following techniques to invoke the service:

1. `ifaeddr (Type,...Returncode);`
When you use this technique, you must link edit your program with a linkage-assist routine (also called a stub) in SYS1.CSSLIB.
2. `ifaeddr_byaddr (Type,...Returncode);`
This second technique requires AMODE=31, and, before you issue the CALL, you must verify that the IFAEDDRG service is available (in the CVT, both CVTOSEXT and CVTOS390 bits are set on).

In Assembler: Link edit your program with a linkage-assist routine (also called a stub) in SYS1.CSSLIB unless you use either of the following techniques as an alternative to CALL IFAEDDRG:

1. LOAD EP=IFAEDDRG
Save the entry point address
...
Put the saved entry point address into R15
Issue CALL (15),...
2. L 15,X'10' Get CVT
L 15,X'8C' (,15) Get ECVT
L 15,X'1C0' (,15)
L 15,4 (,15)
L 15,4 (,15) Get address of IFAEDDRG
CALL (15),(...)

Both of these techniques require AMODE=31. If you use the second technique, before you issue the CALL, you must verify that the IFAEDDRG service is available (in the CVT, both CVTOSEXT and CVTOS390 bits are set on).

Parameters

Prodtoken

Supplied parameter:

- Type: Character
- Length: 8 bytes

Prodtoken contains the token the system returned when the product issued the Register service.

,Returncode

Returned parameter:

- Type: Integer
- Length: Full word

Returncode contains the return code from the Deregister service.

Return Codes

When the Deregister service returns control to the caller, Returncode contains the return code. To obtain the equates for the return codes:

- If you are coding in assembler, include mapping macro IFAEDIDF, described in *z/OS MVS Data Areas, Vol 2 (DCCB-ITZYRETC)*.
- If you are coding in C, use the include file IFAEDC. See “IFAEDC” on page 2-21.

The following table describes the return codes, shown in decimal.

Return Code (decimal)	Equate Symbol Meaning and Action
00	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDDRG_SUCCESS</p> <p>Meaning: The product/feature combination has been deregistered.</p> <p>Action: No action is required.</p>
08	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDDRG_NOTAVAILABLE</p> <p>Meaning: Environmental error: The Deregister service is not available on this system.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling the Deregister service on this system.</p>
12	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDDRG_NOTREGISTERED</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The product identified by the Prodtoken parameter was not registered.</p> <p>Action: In Prodtoken, provide a correct product token, as returned by the Register service.</p>
16	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDDRG_NOTTASKMODE</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was not called in task mode.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>
20	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDDRG_XM</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was called in cross-memory mode but requires PASN=HASN=SASN.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>
24	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDDRG_NOTAUTH</p> <p>Meaning: User error: A caller running in problem state tried to deregister a product that had been registered by an authorized caller (a program running in supervisor state or under a system key).</p> <p>Action: Avoid trying to deregister a product registered by an authorized caller.</p>
36	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDDRG_LOCKED</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was called while holding a system lock.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>
40	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDDRG_FRR</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was called while having a functional recovery routine (FRR) established.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>

Query_Status Service (IFAEDSTA)

Use the Query_Status service (IFAEDSTA) to request information about the registration or enablement status of a particular product. The system will indicate, through a combination of return code value and output area content:

- If the product is registered (running)
- If the product is enabled

When it searches for the product you identify, the system does not use wildcard matching; there is no special treatment for a wildcard character (* or ?). You can, however, indicate fields that are not important to your search, and the system will try to find the best match it can for the parameters that you provide. If two matches are equivalently good, and one of them contains a registration from the current home address space, then that match is used.

Syntax

```
CALL IFAEDSTA
           (Prodowner
           ,Prodname
           ,Featurename
           ,ProdID
           ,Outputinfo
           ,Featureslen
           ,Features
           ,Returncode)
```

In C: the syntax is similar. You can use either of the following techniques to invoke the service:

1. `ifaedsta (Type,...Returncode);`
When you use this technique, you must link edit your program with a linkage-assist routine (also called a stub) in SYS1.CSSLIB.
2. `ifaedsta_byaddr (Type,...Returncode);`
This second technique requires AMODE=31, and, before you issue the CALL, you must verify that the IFAEDSTA service is available (in the CVT, both CVTOSEXT and CVTOS390 bits are set on).

In Assembler: Link edit your program with a linkage-assist routine (also called a stub) in SYS1.CSSLIB unless you use either of the following techniques as an alternative to CALL IFAEDSTA:

1. `LOAD EP=IFAEDSTA`
Save the entry point address
...
Put the saved entry point address into R15
Issue CALL (15),...
2. `L 15,X'10'` Get CVT
`L 15,X'8C'(.15)` Get ECVT
`L 15,X'1C0'(.15)`
`L 15,4(.15)`
`L 15,8(.15)` Get address of IFAEDSTA
`CALL (15),(...)`

Query_Status Service (IFAEDSTA)

Both of these techniques require AMODE=31. If you use the second technique, before you issue the CALL, you must verify that the IFAEDDRG service is available (in the CVT, both CVTOSEXT and CVTOS390 bits are set on).

Parameters

,Prodowner

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 16 bytes

Specifies the name of the product owner you are searching for. IBM products always use IBM CORP or IBM_CORP. If the product owner is not important to your search, set the first character of the field to an EBCDIC blank or hexadecimal zeroes.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabets, numerics, national (@, #, \$), underscore (_), slash (/), hyphen (-), and period (.). You can use embedded blanks.

The system translates underscores to blanks for comparison and display, and it performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the name is less than 16 bytes, left-justify the name in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,Prodname

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 16 bytes

Specifies the name of the product you are searching for. If the product name is not important to your search, set the first character of the field to EBCDIC blank or hexadecimal zeroes.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabets, numerics, national (@, #, \$), underscore (_), slash (/), hyphen (-), and period (.). You can use embedded blanks.

The system translates underscores to blanks for comparison and display, and it performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the name is less than 16 bytes, left-justify the name in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,Featurename

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 16 bytes

Specifies the name of the feature you are searching for. If the feature name is not important to your search, set the first character of the field to EBCDIC blank or hexadecimal zeroes.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabets, numerics, national (@, #, \$), underscore (_), slash (/), hyphen (-), and period (.). You can use embedded blanks.

Query_Status Service (IFAEDSTA)

The system translates underscores to blanks for comparison and display, and it performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the name is less than 16 bytes, left-justify the name in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,ProdID

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 8 bytes

ProdID specifies the product identifier you are searching for. IBM products use the product information department (PID) number as the product identifier. If the product identifier is not important to your search, set the first character of the field to EBCDIC blank or hexadecimal zeroes.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabetic, numerics, national (@, #, \$), underscore (_), slash (/), hyphen (-), and period (.). You can use embedded blanks.

The system translates underscores to blanks for comparison and display, and it performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the name is less than 8 bytes, left-justify the name in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,Outputinfo

Returned parameter:

- Type: Character
- Length: 16

Specifies an output area, mapped by DSECT EDOI (in mapping macro IFAEDIDF) or structure EDOI (in C include file IFAEDC). If the return code is 0, this area contains information about the product you defined.

,Featureslen

Supplied parameter:

- Type: Integer
- Range: 0-1024
- Length: Full word

Featureslen specifies the length of the Features parameter that follows.

,Features

Returned parameter:

- Type: Character (EBCDIC recommended)
- Length: 1-1024 bytes

Features contains information provided by the caller of the Register service, and you need documentation from that caller about the length, format, and use of the information.

If the information is larger than the length you specify in Featureslen, the system returns only the information that fits in the area you provide. In that case, bit EdoiNotAllFeaturesReturned and field EdoiNeededFeaturesLen are set in the outputinfo area. You can use the length to call the Query_Status service again with an expanded area.

Query_Status Service (IFAEDSTA)

If you are not expecting any information from the caller of the Register service, code 0 in the Featureslen parameter. This system will then ignore the Features parameter, but the service syntax requires that you supply a value.

,Returncode

Returned parameter:

- Type: Integer
- Length: Full word

Returncode contains the return code from the Query_Status service.

Return Codes

When the Query_Status service returns control to the caller, Returncode contains the return code. To obtain the equates for the return codes:

- If you are coding in assembler, include mapping macro IFAEDIDF, described in *z/OS MVS Data Areas, Vol 2 (DCCB-ITZYRETC)*.
- If you are coding in C, use the include file IFAEDC. See “IFAEDC” on page 2-21.

The following table describes the return codes, shown in decimal.

Return Code (decimal)	Equate Symbol Meaning and Action
00	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDSTA_SUCCESS</p> <p>Meaning: The product/feature combination is known to be registered or to be enabled or disabled.</p> <p>Action: Check the outputinfo area for further information.</p>
04	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDSTA_NOTDEFINED</p> <p>Meaning: The product/feature combination is not known to be registered or to be enabled or disabled.</p> <p>Action: Check that the operands are correct.</p>
08	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDSTA_NOTAVAILABLE</p> <p>Meaning: Environmental error: The Status service is not available on this system.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling the Status service on this system.</p>
16	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDSTA_NOTTASKMODE</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was not called in task mode.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>
20	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDSTA_XM</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was called in cross-memory mode but requires HASN=PASN=SASN.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>
36	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDSTA_LOCKED</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was called while holding a system lock.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>
40	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDSTA_FRR</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was called while having a functional recovery routine (FRR) established.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>

List_Status Service (IFAEDLIS)

List_Status Service (IFAEDLIS)

Use the List_Status service (IFAEDLIS) to request information about the registration and enablement of one or more products. The system returns information about the products that match the product definition you supply.

You can also use the List_Status service to determine what, according to the current policy, the enablement state would be for the product you define. You might use this service to determine whether or not registering the product would require a change to the enablement policy in IFAPRDxx.

The system returns the information in the answer area you specify on the List_Status request:

- In assembler language, the answer area is mapped by DSECTs EDAAHDR and EDAAE in mapping macro IFAEDIDF.
- In C language, the answer area is mapped by structures EDAAHDR and EDAAE in include file IFAEDC.

EDAAHDR maps information about the request, including the number of entries returned. EDAAE maps each returned entry.

Syntax

```
CALL IFAEDLIS,          (Type
                        ,Prodowner
                        ,Prodname
                        ,Featurename
                        ,ProdID
                        ,Anslen
                        ,Ansarea
                        ,Returncode)
```

In C: the syntax is similar. You can use either of the following techniques to invoke the service:

1. `ifaedlis (Type,...Returncode);`
When you use this technique, you must link edit your program with a linkage-assist routine (also called a stub) in SYS1.CSSLIB.
2. `ifaedlis_byaddr (Type,...Returncode);`
This second technique requires AMODE=31, and, before you issue the CALL, you must verify that the IFAEDLIS service is available (in the CVT, both CVTOSEXT and CVTOS390 bits are set on).

In Assembler: Link edit your program with a linkage-assist routine (also called a stub) in SYS1.CSSLIB unless you use either of the following techniques as an alternative to CALL IFAEDLIS:

1. `LOAD EP=IFAEDLIS`
Save the entry point address
...
Put the saved entry point address into R15
Issue CALL (15),...
2. `L 15,X'10'` Get CVT
`L 15,X'8C'(.15)` Get ECVT

List_Status Service (IFAEDLIS)

```
L 15,X'1C0'(.15)
L 15,4(.15)
L 15,12(.15)          Get address of IFAEDLIS
CALL (15),(...)
```

Both of these techniques require AMODE=31. If you use the second technique, before you issue the CALL, you must verify that the IFAEDDRG service is available (in the CVT, both CVTTOSEXT and CVTOS390 bits are set on).

Parameters

Type

Supplied parameter:

- Type: Integer
- Length: Full word

Identifies the type of list request. The field must contain a value that represents a combination of one or more of the possible types. You add the values to create the full word. Do not specify a type more than once. The possible types, and their meanings, are:

Ifaedlis_Type_Registered

The system is to return data about any matching products that are registered. The number of entries returned appears in field EdaahNumR in the answer area. The address of the first entry appears in field EdaahFirstRAddr. DSECT EDAAE maps each entry. If you specify * or ? in the product definition, the system treats the character as a wildcard character.

Ifaedlis_Type_State

The system is to return data about the current policy state (enabled or disabled) of any matching products. The number of entries returned appears in field EdaahNumS. The address of the first entry appears in field EdaahFirstSAddr. DSECT EDAAE maps each entry. If you specify * or ? in the product definition, the system treats the character as a wildcard character.

Ifaedlis_Type_Status

The system is to return data about the enablement policy entry that would apply if the specified product registered. If there is no matching entry, the system sets Field EdaahStatusAddr in the answer area to 0; otherwise, it contains the address of the entry (mapped by DSECT EDAAE).

Note: For this request type, the system does not use wildcard matching when it searches the policy. If you specify * or ? in the product definition, the system does not treat the character as a wildcard character. To indicate that a field is not important, however, you can set the first character of the field to an EBCDIC blank or hexadecimal zeroes.

Ifaedlis_Type_NoReport

Specify this request type to indicate the system is to return information about all matching entries, including those that registered with **Ifaedreg_Type_NoReport**.

,Prodowner

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 16 bytes

List_Status Service (IFAEDLIS)

Specifies the name of the product owner you are searching for. IBM products always use IBM CORP or IBM_CORP.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabetic, numerics, national (@, #, \$), underscore (_), slash (/), hyphen (-), period (.), asterisk (*), or question mark (?). You can use embedded blanks.

The system translates underscores to blanks for comparison and display, and it performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the request specifies **Ifaedlis_Type_Registered** or **Ifaedlis_Type_State**, the system treats * and ? as wildcard characters; it uses wildcard matching. When you specify **Ifaedlis_Type_Status**, the system does not use wildcard matching, and * or ? receive no special treatment. If the product owner is not important to your search, set the first character of the field to an EBCDIC blank or hexadecimal zeroes.

If the name is less than 16 bytes, left-justify the name in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,Prodname

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 16 bytes

Specifies the name of the product you are searching for.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabetic, numerics, national (@, #, \$), underscore (_), slash (/), hyphen (-), period (.), asterisk (*), or question mark (?). You can use embedded blanks.

The system translates underscores to blanks for comparison and display, and it performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the request specifies **Ifaedlis_Type_Registered** or **Ifaedlis_Type_State**, the system treats * and ? as wildcard characters; it uses wildcard matching. When you specify **Ifaedlis_Type_Status**, the system does not use wildcard matching, and * or ? receive no special treatment. If the product name is not important to your search, set the first character of the field to an EBCDIC blank or hexadecimal zeroes.

If the name is less than 16 bytes, left-justify the name in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,Featurename

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 16 bytes

Specifies the name of the feature you are searching for.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabetic, numerics, national (@, #, \$), underscore (_), slash (/), hyphen (-), period (.), asterisk (*), or question mark (?). You can use embedded blanks.

The system translates underscores to blanks for comparison and display, and it performs all comparisons in upper case.

List_Status Service (IFAEDLIS)

If the request specifies **Ifaedlis_Type_Registered** or **Ifaedlis_Type_State**, the system treats * and ? as wildcard characters; it uses wildcard matching. When you specify **Ifaedlis_Type_Status**, the system does not use wildcard matching, and * or ? receive no special treatment. If the feature name is not important to your search, set the first character of the field to an EBCDIC blank or hexadecimal zeroes.

If the name is less than 16 bytes, left-justify the name in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,ProdID

Supplied parameter:

- Type: EBCDIC
- Length: 8 bytes

ProdID specifies the product identifier you are searching for. IBM products, for example, use the product information department (PID) number as the product identifier.

The characters can be upper-case or lower-case alphabetic, numerics, national (@, #, \$), underscore (_), slash (/), hyphen (-), period (.), asterisk (*), or question mark (?). You can use embedded blanks.

The system translates underscores to blanks for comparison and display, and it performs all comparisons in upper case.

If the request specifies **Ifaedlis_Type_Registered** or **Ifaedlis_Type_State**, the system treats * and ? as wildcard characters; it uses wildcard matching. When you specify **Ifaedlis_Type_Status**, the system does not use wildcard matching, and * or ? receive no special treatment. If the product identifier is not important to your search, set the first character of the field to an EBCDIC blank or hexadecimal zeroes.

If the name is less than 8 bytes, left-justify the name in the field and pad it on the right with EBCDIC blanks.

,Anslen

Supplied parameter:

- Type: Integer
- Minimum Value: 32
- Length: Full word

Specifies the length of the answer area parameter that follows. Specify a value of at least 32, the length of the answer area header (DSECT EDAAHDR in macro IFAEDIDF) that the system returns. Add 72 for each entry that you expect the system to return.

,Ansarea

Returned parameter:

- Type: Character
- Length: Specified on **Anslen** parameter

The answer area where the system is to place information about the request and the entries that match the product definition. The contents depend on the type of the request:

- If you specified **Ifaedlis_Type_Registered**, the answer area consists of a header area and a queue of 0 or more entries. The number of entries is in

List_Status Service (IFAEDLIS)

EDAAHNUMR, and EDAAHFIRSTRADDR points to the first entry. If you did not specify **Ifaedlis_Type_Registered**, both fields are 0.

- If you specified **Ifaedlis_Type_State**, the answer area consists of a header area and a queue of 0 or more entries. The number of entries is in EDAAHNUMS, and EDAAHFIRSTSADDR points to the first entry. If you did not specify **Ifaedlis_Type_State**, both fields are 0.
- If you specified **Ifaedlis_Type_Status**, the answer area consists of a header area and a single entry. EDAAHSTATUSADDR points to an entry that defines the policy that would be used to determine whether the product is enabled or disabled. The field is 0 if there is no matching policy entry, and it is always 0 when you did not specify **Ifaedlis_Type_Status**.

If the returned information exceeds the length you specify in Anslen, the system returns only the information that fits in the area you provided. EDAAHTLEN indicates the total length of the information available to be returned. If the length is longer than the length you specified in Anslen, increase Anslen and issue the request again.

,Returncode

Returned parameter:

- Type: Integer
- Length: Full word

Returncode contains the return code from the List_Status service.

Return Codes

When the List_Status service returns control to the caller, Returncode contains the return code. To obtain the equates for the return codes:

- If you are coding in assembler, include mapping macro IFAEDIDF, described in *z/OS MVS Data Areas, Vol 2 (DCCB-ITZYRETC)*.
- If you are coding in C, use the include file IFAEDC. See "IFAEDC" on page 2-21.

The following table describes the return codes, shown in decimal.

Return Code (decimal)	Equate Symbol Meaning and Action
00	Equate Symbol: IFAEDLIS_SUCCESS Meaning: The system returned all the requested data. Action: No action is required.
04	Equate Symbol: IFAEDLIS_NOTALLDATARETURNED Meaning: The answer area was too small. Some of the requested data was not returned. Action: Provide a larger answer area and call the service again.
08	Equate Symbol: IFAEDLIS_NOTAVAILABLE Meaning: Environmental error: The IFAEDLIS service is not available on this system. Action: Avoid calling the IFAEDLIS service on this system.

List_Status Service (IFAEDLIS)

Return Code (decimal)	Equate Symbol Meaning and Action
12	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDLIS_ANSAREATOOSMALL</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The answer area length you provided was less than the minimum needed, 32.</p> <p>Action: Provide a larger answer area.</p>
16	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDSTA_NOTTASKMODE</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was not called in task mode.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>
20	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDLIS_XM</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was called in cross-memory mode but requires PASN=HASN=SASN.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>
32	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDLIS_BADTYPE</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The type parameter did not specify a word formed from any combination of Ifaedlis_Type_Registered, Ifaedlis_Type_State, Ifaedlis_Type_Status, and Ifaedlis_Type_Noreport.</p> <p>Action: Correct the parameter.</p>
36	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDLIS_LOCKED</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was called while holding a system lock.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>
40	<p>Equate Symbol: IFAEDLIS_FRR</p> <p>Meaning: User error: The service was called while having a functional recovery routine (FRR) established.</p> <p>Action: Avoid calling in this environment.</p>

IFAEDC

For the C programmer, include file IFAEDC provides equates for return codes and data constants, such as Register service request types. To use IFAEDC, copy the file from SYS1.SAMPLIB to the appropriate local C library. The contents of the file are displayed in Figure 2-1 on page 2-22.

IFAEDC

```
#ifndef __IFAED
#define __IFAED

/*****
 *
 * Name: IFAEDC
 *
 * Descriptive Name: SMF Product enable/disable services C declares
 *
 */
/*01* PROPRIETARY STATEMENT=
/****PROPRIETARY_STATEMENT*****/
/*
/*
/* LICENSED MATERIALS - PROPERTY OF IBM
/* THIS MACRO IS "RESTRICTED MATERIALS OF IBM"
/* 5645-001 (C) COPYRIGHT IBM CORP. 1996
/* SEE COPYRIGHT INSTRUCTIONS
/*
/* STATUS= HBB6601
/*
/****END_OF_PROPRIETARY_STATEMENT*****/
/*
/*01* EXTERNAL CLASSIFICATION: GUPI
/*01* END OF EXTERNAL CLASSIFICATION:
/*
/* Function:
 * IFAEDC defines types, related constants, and function
 * prototypes for the use of SMF Product enable/disable services
 * from the C language
 *
 * Usage:
 * #include <IFAEDC.H>
 *
 * Notes:
 * 1. This member should be copied from SAMPLIB to the
 * appropriate local C library.
 *
 * 2. The Product enable/disable services do not use a null
 * character to terminate strings. The services expect the
 * character operands to be a fixed-length type.
 * Use memcpy to move into and from these fields.
 *
 * Change Activity:
 *$L0=PRDEDSMF,HBB6601, 950601, PDXB: SMF Product enable/disable
 *
 *****/
```

Figure 2-1. IFAEDC from SYS1.SAMPLIB (Part 1 of 10)

```

/*****
 *      Type Definitions for User Specified Parameters      *
 *****/

/* Type for TYPE operand of IFAEDREG */
typedef int IfaedType;

/* Type for Product Owner */
typedef char IfaedProdOwner??(16??);

/* Type for Product Name */
typedef char IfaedProdName??(16??);

/* Type for Feature Name */
typedef char IfaedFeatureName??(16??);

/* Type for Product Version */
typedef char IfaedProdVers??(2??);

/* Type for Product Release */
typedef char IfaedProdRel??(2??);

/* Type for Product Modification level */
typedef char IfaedProdMod??(2??);

/* Type for Product ID */
typedef char IfaedProdID??(8??);

/* Type for Product Token */
typedef char IfaedProdToken??(8??);

/* Type for Features Length */
typedef int IfaedFeaturesLen;

/* Type for Return Code */
typedef int IfaedReturnCode;

```

Figure 2-1. IFAEDC from SYS1.SAMPLIB (Part 2 of 10)

IFAEDC

```

/*****
 *      Type Definitions for User Specified Parameters      *
 *****/

/* Type for user supplied EDOI */
typedef struct ??<
  struct ??<
    int EdoiRegistered : 1;      /* The product is registered */
    int EdoiStatusNotDefined : 1; /* The product is not known to
                                   be enabled or disabled */
    int EdoiStatusEnabled : 1;   /* The product is enabled */
    int EdoiNotAllFeaturesReturned : 1; /* The featureslen
                                   area was too small to hold the features
                                   provided at registration time. Field
                                   EdoiNeededFeaturesLen contains the size
                                   provided at registration time. */
    int Rsvd0 : 4;               /* Reserved */
    ??> EdoiFlags ;
  char Rsvd1??(3??);           /* Reserved */
  int EdoiNeededFeaturesLen; /* The featureslen size provided at
                                   registration time */
  struct ??<
    IfaedProdVers EdoiProdVers; /* The version information
                                   provided at registration time */
    IfaedProdRel EdoiProdRel; /* The release information
                                   provided at registration time */
    IfaedProdMod EdoiProdMod; /* The mod level information
                                   provided at registration time */
    ??> EdoiProdVersRelMod;
  char Rsvd2??(2??);           /* Reserved */
??> EDOI;

/* Type for user supplied EDAHDR */
typedef struct ??<
  int EdaahNumR; /* Number of EDAAE entries which
                 follow indicating registered entries. The first one
                 is pointed to by EdaahFirstRAddr. */
  int EdaahNumS; /* Number of EDAAE entries which
                 follow indicating state entries. The first one
                 is pointed to by EdaahFirstSAddr. */
  int EdaahTLen; /* Total length of answer area
                 needed to contain all the requested information.
                 This includes the area for the records
                 that were returned on this call. */
  void *EdaahFirstRAddr; /* Address of first registered
                         entry EDAAE */
  void *EdaahFirstSAddr; /* Address of first state entry
                         EDAAE */
  void *EdaahStatusAddr; /* Address of the EDAAE that
                         represents the policy entry that would be used to
                         determine if the input product was enabled. 0 if
                         no such policy entry exists. */
  char Rsvd1??(8??); /* Reserved */
??> EDAHDR;

```

Figure 2-1. IFAEDC from SYS1.SAMPLIB (Part 3 of 10)


```

/* Type for user supplied EDAAE */
typedef struct ??<
    void *EdaaeNextAddr;          /* Address of next EDAAE. EdaahNumR
                                (for the registered queue) or EdaahNumS (for the
                                state queue) must be used to determine how far
                                along this chain to go. Not relevant for
                                EdaahStatusAddr. */
    struct ??<
        IfaedProdOwner  EdaaeProdOwner; /* Product owner */
        IfaedProdName   EdaaeProdName; /* Product name */
        IfaedFeatureName EdaaeFeatureName; /* Feature name */
        IfaedProdVers   EdaaeProdVers; /* Product version */
        IfaedProdRel    EdaaeProdRel; /* Product release */
        IfaedProdMod    EdaaeProdMod; /* Product mod level */
        IfaedProdID     EdaaeProdID; /* Product ID */
    ??> EdaaeInfo;
    struct ??<
        int EdaaeStatusNotDefined : 1; /* This will never be on for
                                        entries on the state queue. If on, indicates that
                                        the state information does not have an entry that
                                        matches this product. */
        int EdaaeStatusEnabled : 1; /* If on, indicates that the
                                        product is considered to be enabled */
        int EdaaeNoReport : 1; /* This will never be on for
                                entries on the state queue. If on, indicates that
                                the product registered with
                                Ifaedreg_Type_NoReport. */
        int EdaaeLicensedUnderProd : 1; /* This will never be on for
                                        entries on the state queue. If on, indicates that
                                        the product registered with
                                        Ifaedreg_Type_LicensedUnderProd. */
        int Rsvd0 : 4; /* Reserved */
    ??> EdaaeFlags ;
    char Rsvd1??(1??); /* Reserved */
    int EdaaeNumInstances; /* Number of concurrent instances of
                            this registration. */
??> EDAAE;

```

Figure 2-1. IFAEDC from SYS1.SAMPLIB (Part 4 of 10)

IFAEDC

```
/*
 * Fixed Service Parameter and Return Code Defines
 */
*****/

/* Product enable/disable Register Constants */
#define Ifaedreg_Type_Standard 0
#define Ifaedreg_Type_Required 2
#define Ifaedreg_Type_NoReport 4
#define Ifaedreg_Type_LicensedUnderProd 8
#define Ifaedreg_Type_DisabledMessage 16
#define Ifaedreg_Type_NotFoundDisabled 32
#define IFAEDREG_TYPE_STANDARD 0
#define IFAEDREG_TYPE_REQUIRED 2
#define IFAEDREG_TYPE_NOREPORT 4
#define IFAEDREG_TYPE_LICENSEDUNDERPROD 8
#define IFAEDREG_TYPE_DISABLEDMESSAGE 16
#define IFAEDREG_TYPE_NOTFOUNDDISABLED 32

/* Product enable/disable Register Return codes */
#define Ifaedreg_Success 0
#define Ifaedreg_Disabled 4
#define Ifaedreg_NotAvailable 8
#define Ifaedreg_LimitExceeded 12
#define Ifaedreg_NotTaskMode 16
#define Ifaedreg_XM 20
#define Ifaedreg_BadFeaturesLen 24
#define Ifaedreg_NoStorage 28
#define Ifaedreg_BadType 32
#define Ifaedreg_Locked 36
#define Ifaedreg_FRR 40
#define IFAEDREG_SUCCESS 0
#define IFAEDREG_DISABLED 4
#define IFAEDREG_NOTAVAILABLE 8
#define IFAEDREG_LIMITEXCEEDED 12
#define IFAEDREG_NOTTASKMODE 16
#define IFAEDREG_XM 20
#define IFAEDREG_BADFEATURESLEN 24
#define IFAEDREG_NOSTORAGE 28
#define IFAEDREG_BADTYPE 32
#define IFAEDREG_LOCKED 36
#define IFAEDREG_FRR 40
```

Figure 2-1. IFAEDC from SYS1.SAMPLIB (Part 5 of 10)

```

/* Product enable/disable Deregister Return codes */
#define Ifaeddrdg_Success          0
#define Ifaeddrdg_NotAvailable     8
#define Ifaeddrdg_NotRegistered   12
#define Ifaeddrdg_NotTaskMode     16
#define Ifaeddrdg_XM              20
#define Ifaeddrdg_NotAuth         24
#define Ifaeddrdg_Locked          36
#define Ifaeddrdg_FRR             40
#define IFAEDDRG_SUCCESS          0
#define IFAEDDRG_NOTAVAILABLE     8
#define IFAEDDRG_NOTREGISTERED   12
#define IFAEDDRG_NOTTASKMODE     16
#define IFAEDDRG_XM              20
#define IFAEDDRG_NOTAUTH         24
#define IFAEDDRG_LOCKED          36
#define IFAEDDRG_FRR             40

/* Product enable/disable Status Return codes */
#define Ifaedsta_Success          0
#define Ifaedsta_NotDefined       4
#define Ifaedsta_NotAvailable     8
#define Ifaedsta_NotTaskMode     16
#define Ifaedsta_XM              20
#define Ifaedsta_Locked          36
#define Ifaedsta_FRR             40
#define IFAEDSTA_SUCCESS         0
#define IFAEDSTA_NOTDEFINED      4
#define IFAEDSTA_NOTAVAILABLE     8
#define IFAEDSTA_NOTTASKMODE     16
#define IFAEDSTA_XM              20
#define IFAEDSTA_LOCKED          36
#define IFAEDSTA_FRR             40

```

Figure 2-1. IFAEDC from SYS1.SAMPLIB (Part 6 of 10)

IFAEDC

```
/* Product enable/disable List Constants */
#define Ifaedlis_Type_Registered      1
#define Ifaedlis_Type_State          2
#define Ifaedlis_Type_Status         4
#define Ifaedlis_Type_NoReport       8
#define IFAEDLIS_TYPE_REGISTERED     1
#define IFAEDLIS_TYPE_STATE          2
#define IFAEDLIS_TYPE_STATUS         4
#define IFAEDLIS_TYPE_NOREPORT       8

/* Product enable/disable List Return codes */
#define Ifaedlis_Success              0
#define Ifaedlis_NotAllDataReturned  4
#define Ifaedlis_NotAvailable        8
#define Ifaedlis_AnsAreaTooSmall     12
#define Ifaedlis_NotTaskMode         16
#define Ifaedlis_XM                   20
#define Ifaedlis_BadType              32
#define Ifaedlis_Locked               36
#define Ifaedlis_FRR                  40
#define IFAEDLIS_SUCCESS              0
#define IFAEDLIS_NOTALLDATARETURNED  4
#define IFAEDLIS_NOTAVAILABLE        8
#define IFAEDLIS_ANSAREATOOSMALL     12
#define IFAEDLIS_NOTTASKMODE         16
#define IFAEDLIS_XM                   20
#define IFAEDLIS_BADTYPE              32
#define IFAEDLIS_LOCKED               36
#define IFAEDLIS_FRR                  40
```

Figure 2-1. IFAEDC from SYS1.SAMPLIB (Part 7 of 10)

```

/*****
 *          Function Prototypes for Service Routines          *
 *****/

#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C" ??<
#else
#pragma linkage(ifaedreg_calltype,0S)
#pragma linkage(ifaeddrg_calltype,0S)
#pragma linkage(ifaedsta_calltype,0S)
#pragma linkage(ifaedlis_calltype,0S)
#endif

typedef void ifaedreg_calltype(
    IfaedType      __TYPE,      /* Input - request type          */
    IfaedProdOwner __PRODOWNER, /* Input - product owner        */
    IfaedProdName  __PRODNAME,  /* Input - product name         */
    IfaedFeatureName __FEATURENAME, /* Input - feature name        */
    IfaedProdVers  __PRODVERS,  /* Input - product version      */
    IfaedProdRel   __PRODREL,   /* Input - product release      */
    IfaedProdMod   __PRODMOD,   /* Input - product modification */
    IfaedProdID    __PRODID,    /* Input - product ID           */
    IfaedFeaturesLen __FEATURESLEN, /* Input - length of features   */
    void            *__FEATURES, /* Input - features area        */
    IfaedProdToken *__PRODTOKEN, /* Output - product token       */
    IfaedReturnCode *__RC);      /* Output - return code         */

typedef void ifaeddrg_calltype(
    IfaedProdToken __PRODTOKEN, /* Input - product token        */
    IfaedReturnCode *__RC);      /* Output - return code         */

typedef void ifaedsta_calltype(
    IfaedProdOwner __PRODOWNER, /* Input - product owner        */
    IfaedProdName  __PRODNAME,  /* Input - product name         */
    IfaedFeatureName __FEATURENAME, /* Input - feature name        */
    IfaedProdID    __PRODID,    /* Input - product ID           */
    EDOI           *__EDO,      /* Output - output information   */
    IfaedFeaturesLen __FEATURESLEN, /* Input - length of features   */
    void            *__FEATURES, /* Output - features area       */
    IfaedReturnCode *__RC);      /* Output - return code         */

typedef void ifaedlis_calltype(
    IfaedType      __TYPE,      /* Input - request type          */
    IfaedProdOwner __PRODOWNER, /* Input - product owner        */
    IfaedProdName  __PRODNAME,  /* Input - product name         */
    IfaedFeatureName __FEATURENAME, /* Input - feature name        */
    IfaedProdID    __PRODID,    /* Input - product ID           */
    int            __ANSLEN,     /* Input - length of answer area */
    void            *__ANSAREA,  /* Output - answer area         */
    IfaedReturnCode *__RC);      /* Output - return code         */

extern ifaedreg_calltype ifaedreg;
extern ifaeddrg_calltype ifaeddrg;
extern ifaedsta_calltype ifaedsta;
extern ifaedlis_calltype ifaedlis;

```

Figure 2-1. IFAEDC from SYS1.SAMPLIB (Part 8 of 10)

IFAEDC

```

#ifdef __cplusplus
    ??>
#endif

struct IFAED_PREDVT ??<
    ifaedreg_calltype* ifaed_regaddr;
    ifaaddrg_calltype* ifaed_drgaddr;
    ifaedsta_calltype* ifaed_staaddr;
    ifaedlis_calltype* ifaed_lisaddr;
??>;

struct IFAED_PRED ??<
    unsigned char ifaed_pred_filler1 ??(4??);
    struct IFAED_PREDVT * ifaed_predvt;
??>;

#ifndef __cplusplus
#define ifaedreg_byaddr(Type, Owner, Name, Fname, Vers, Rel, Mod, \
                        Id, Flen, Fptr, Tptr, Rcptr) \
??< \
    struct IFAED_PSA* ifaed_pagezero = 0; \
    ifaed_pagezero->ifaed_cvt->ifaed_cvtecv->ifaed_ecvtpred-> \
        ifaed_predvt->ifaed_regaddr \
        (Type,Owner,Name,Fname,Vers,Rel,Mod,Id,Flen,Fptr, \
         Tptr,Rcptr); \
??>;
#define ifaaddrg_byaddr(Token, Rcptr) \
??< \
    struct IFAED_PSA* ifaed_pagezero = 0; \
    ifaed_pagezero->ifaed_cvt->ifaed_cvtecv->ifaed_ecvtpred-> \
        ifaed_predvt->ifaed_drgaddr \
        (Token,Rcptr); \
??>;
#define ifaedsta_byaddr(Owner, Name, Fname, Id, Eptr, Flen, \
                        Fptr, Rcptr) \
??< \
    struct IFAED_PSA* ifaed_pagezero = 0; \
    ifaed_pagezero->ifaed_cvt->ifaed_cvtecv->ifaed_ecvtpred-> \
        ifaed_predvt->ifaed_staaddr \
        (Owner,Name,Fname,Id,Eptr,Flen,Fptr,Rcptr); \
??>;
#define ifaedlis_byaddr(Type, Owner, Name, Fname, Id, Alen, \
                        Aptr, Rcptr) \
??< \
    struct IFAED_PSA* ifaed_pagezero = 0; \
    ifaed_pagezero->ifaed_cvt->ifaed_cvtecv->ifaed_ecvtpred-> \
        ifaed_predvt->ifaed_lisaddr \
        (Type,Owner,Name,Fname,Id,Alen,Aptr,Rcptr); \
??>;
#endif

```

Figure 2-1. IFAEDC from SYS1.SAMPLIB (Part 9 of 10)

```

struct IFAED_ECVT ??<
    unsigned char ifaed_ecvt_filler1 ??(448??);
    struct IFAED_PRED * ifaed_ecvtpred; /*
                                     product enable/disable block */
    unsigned char ifaed_ecvt_filler2 ??(24??);
    unsigned char ifaed_ecvtpeq ??( 4??); /* product sequence number */
    IfaedProdOwner ifaed_ecvtpown; /* product owner */
    IfaedProdName ifaed_ecvtpnam; /* product name */
    IfaedProdVers ifaed_ecvtpver; /* product version */
    IfaedProdRel ifaed_ecvtprel; /* product release */
    IfaedProdMod ifaed_ecvtpmod; /* product mod level */
    unsigned char ifaed_ecvt_filler3 ??(26??);
??>;

struct IFAED_CVT ??<
    unsigned char ifaed_cvt_filler1 ??(116??);
    struct ??<
        int ifaed_cvtdcb_rsvd1 : 4; /* Not needed */
        int ifaed_cvtoext : 1; /* If on, indicates that the
                               CVTOSLVL fields are valid */
        int ifaed_cvtdcb_rsvd2 : 3; /* Not needed */
        ??> ifaed_cvtdcb;
    unsigned char ifaed_cvt_filler2 ??(23??);
    struct IFAED_ECVT * ifaed_cvtecv;
    unsigned char ifaed_cvt_filler3 ??(1120??);
    unsigned char ifaed_cvtooslvl0;
    struct ??<
        int ifaed_cvtooslvl_rsvd1 : 6; /* Not needed */
        int ifaed_cvtooslvl_rsvd2 : 1; /* If on, indicates that the
                                       product enable/disable services are available */
        int ifaed_cvtooslvl_rsvd3 : 1; /* Not needed */
        ??> ifaed_cvtooslvl;
    unsigned char ifaed_cvt_filler4 ??(14??);
??>;

struct IFAED_PSA ??<
    char ifaed_psa_filler??(16??);
    struct IFAED_CVT* ifaed_cvt;
??>;

/* End of SMF Product Enable/Disable Services Header */

#endif

```

Figure 2-1. IFAEDC from SYS1.SAMPLIB (Part 10 of 10)

IFAEDC

Chapter 3. Examples

The following examples show possible uses of the registration services. The examples are written in assembler and use the MF parameter of the CALL macro to generate reentrant code.

Detailed information about the services appears in “Chapter 2. Coding Registration Services” on page 2-1.

Example 1

Figure 3-1 shows code that registers a product, checks the status of another product, then deregisters the first product.

```
PUBEX1  CSECT
PUBEX1  AMODE 31
PUBEX1  RMODE ANY
        STM   14,12,12(13)
        LR   12,15
        USING PUBEX1,12
        GETMAIN RU,LV=DYNAREALEN
        LR   14,1
        ST   13,4(,14)
        ST   14,8(,13)
        LR   13,14
        USING DYNAREA,13
DYNAREA DSECT
SAVEAREA DS   CL72
PUBEX1  CSECT
EXAMPLE1 DS   0H
*****
* Register a product *
*****
        CALL  IFAEDREG,(RTYPE,ROWNER,RNAME,
                       RFEATURENAME,RVERSION,RRELEASE,
                       RMOD,RID,RFEATURESLEN,RFEATURES,PRODTOKEN,RETCODE),
        MF=(E,PL)
*
* Place code to check return code here
*
*****
* Check the status of another product *
*****
        CALL  IFAEDSTA,(SOWNER,SNAME,SFEATURENAME,
                       SID,SOUTPUTINFO,
                       SFEATURESLEN,SFEATURES,RETCODE),MF=(E,PL)
*
* Place code to check return code here
*
```

Figure 3-1. Example 1 — Using IFAEDREG, IFAEDSTA and IFAEDDRG (Part 1 of 2)

Examples

```
*****
* Deregister the product
*****
          CALL IFAEDDRG,(PRODTOKEN,RETCODE),MF=(E,PL)
*
* Place code to check return code here
*
          B      ENDEXAMPLE
*
* Values for REGISTER
*
RTYPE    DC    AL4(IFAEDREG_TYPE_STANDARD)
ROWNER   DC    CL16'VENDOR X'
RNAME    DC    CL16'Y_PROD1 '
RFEATURENAME DC CL16' '
RID      DC    CL8'1234-567'
RVERSION DC    CL2'01'
RRELEASE DC    CL2'01'
RMOD     DC    CL2'00'
RFEATURESLEN DC AL4(L'RFEATURES)
RFEATURES DC C'FEATURE1,FEATURE2OPT=2'
*
* Values for STATUS
*
SOWNER   DC    CL16'VENDOR Y'
SNAME    DC    CL16'Y_PROD2 '
SFEATURENAME DC CL16' '
SID      DC    CL8'8888-888'
SFEATURESLEN DC AL4(L'SFEATURES)
          IFAEDIDF ,          Return code information
DYNAREA  DSECT
RETCODE  DS    F
PRODTOKEN DS   CL8
SOUTPUTINFO DS CL16
SFEATURES DS   CL1024
PL       CALL ,(,,,,,,,,),MF=L Call parm list for 12 parameters
DYNAREALEN EQU *-DYNAREA
PUBEX1   CSECT
ENDEXAMPLE DS  0H
          LR    1,13          Dynamic area address
          L     13,4(,13)     Previous save area address
          FREEMAIN RU,A=(1),LV=DYNAREALEN
          LM    14,12,12(13)
          SLR   15,15
          BR    14
          END  PUBEX1
```

Figure 3-1. Example 1 — Using IFAEDREG, IFAEDSTA and IFAEDDRG (Part 2 of 2)

Example 2

Figure 3-2 on page 3-3 shows code that obtains a list of information about products that are registered, including information about their enablement state.

```

PUBEX2  CSECT
PUBEX2  AMODE 31
PUBEX2  RMODE ANY
        STM 14,12,12(13)
        LR 12,15
        USING PUBEX2,12
        GETMAIN RU,LV=DYNAREALEN
        LR 14,1
        ST 13,4(,14)
        ST 14,8(,13)
        LR 13,14
        USING DYNAREA,13
DYNAREA DSECT
SAVEAREA DS CL72
PUBEX2  CSECT
EXAMPLE3 DS 0H
* Following is an assembler example of getting registration and
* state information about all of the products
        L 2,=AL4(INITEDAA) Initial answer area size
        ST 2,SIZEEDAA Save it
        GETMAIN RU,LV=(2) Allocate the answer area
        ST 1,EDAA@ Save address of answer area
LAB1    DS 0H
        L 4,EDAA@ Address of answer area
        CALL IFAEDLIS,(REQ_INFO, *
        ALL_OWNER,ALL_NAME,ALL_FN,ALL_ID, *
        SIZEEDAA,(4),LRETCODE),MF=(E,PL)
        CLC LRETCODE(4),=AL4(IFAEDLIS_NOTALLDATARETURNED) Warning?
        BNE LAB2 No, request successful or error
*
        LR 3,2 Save current size
        L 2,EDAAHTLEN-EDAAHDR(4) Get required size
        FREEMAIN RU,A=(4),LV=(3) Release old area
        ST 2,SIZEEDAA Save it
        GETMAIN RU,LV=(2) Allocate new area
        ST 1,EDAA@ Save address of answer area
        B LAB1 Retry List operation
LAB2    DS 0H
        CLC LRETCODE(4),=AL4(IFAEDLIS_SUCCESS) Success?
        BNE LAB3 No, error

```

Figure 3-2. Example 2 — Using IFAEDLIS (Part 1 of 3)

Examples

```
*****
*
* Process information in answer area when RC=0
*
*****
        USING EDAAHDR,4      EDAAHDR DSECT
*
* Process registered entry information
*
        L      5,EDAAHNUMR    Find how many EDAAE registered entries
        LTR    5,5            Are there any entries
        BZ     LAB4           No, check state entries
        L      6,EDAAHFIRSTRADDR Get first entry
        USING EDAAE,6        EDAAE DSECT
LAB5    DS     0H            EDAAE loop
*
* Put code to process information contained in EDAAE here
*
        L      6,EDAAENEXTADDR Get next EDAAE
        BCT    5,LAB5        Continue while there are more
        DROP  6
*
* Process state entry information
*
LAB4    DS     0H            EDAAE loop
        L      5,EDAAHNUMS    Find how many EDAAE state entries
        LTR    5,5            Are there any entries
        BZ     LAB10          No, done
        L      6,EDAAHFIRSTSADDR Get first entry
        USING EDAAE,6        EDAAE DSECT
LAB6    DS     0H            EDAAE loop
*
* Put code to process information contained in EDAAE here
*
        L      6,EDAAENEXTADDR Get next EDAAE
        DROP  6
        BCT    5,LAB6        Continue while there are more
        B      LAB4           Skip error case
LAB3    DS     0H            Error return
*
* Process error case
*
LAB10   DS     0H            Common path
        L      2,SIZEEDAA     Get size of area
        L      4,EDAA@        Get address of area
        FREEMAIN RU,A=(4),LV=(2) Release area
        B      ENDEXAMPLE

```

Figure 3-2. Example 2 — Using IFAEDLIS (Part 2 of 3)

```

INITEDAA EQU 4096          Initial size of answer area
DYNAREA DSECT
EDAA@ DS A                Address of answer area
SIZEEDAA DS F             Size of answer area
TEMPSIZE DS F             Temporary
LRETCODE DS F             Return code
PL CALL ,(,,,,,,),MF=L   Call parameter list for 8 parameters
PUBEX2 CSECT
REQ_INFO DC A(IFAEDLIS_TYPE_REGISTERED+IFAEDLIS_TYPE_STATE)
ALL_OWNER DC CL16'*'      Match all product owners
ALL_NAME DC CL16'*'      Match all product names
ALL_FN DC CL16'*'        Match all feature names
ALL_ID DC CL8'*'         Match all product IDs
                     IFAEDIDF ,      Service equates
DYNAREA DSECT
DYNAREALEN EQU *-DYNAREA
PUBEX2 CSECT
ENDEXAMPLE DS 0H
LR 1,13                  Dynamic area address
L 13,4(,13)              Previous save area address
FREEMAIN RU,A=(1),LV=DYNAREALEN
LM 14,12,12(13)
SLR 15,15
BR 14
END PUBEX2

```

Figure 3-2. Example 2 — Using IFAEDLIS (Part 3 of 3)

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